## 2010 Demographic Profile

## OH - Middlefield village

### Population

Total Population	2,694			
Housing Status ( in housing units unless noted )				
Total	1,290			
Occupied	1,186			
Owner-occupied	664			
Population in owner-occupied (number of individuals)	1,640			
Renter-occupied	522			
Population in renter-occupied (number of individuals)	966			
Vacant	104			
Vacant: for rent	42			
Vacant: for sale	22			
Vacant: for seasonal/recreational/occasional use	14			

### Population by Sex/Age

Male	1,221
Female	1,473
Under 18	590
18 & over	2,104
20 - 24	132
25 - 34	281
35 - 49	508
50 - 64	519
65 & over	606

### Population by Ethnicity

Hispanic or Latino	22
Non Hispanic or Latino	2,672

### Population by Race

White	2,610
African American	22
Asian	16
American Indian and Alaska Native	1
Native Hawaiian and Pacific Islander	0
Other	2
Identified by two or more	43

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# U.S. Census Bureau



DP-1

Profile of General Population and Housing Characteristics: 2010 2010 Demographic Profile Data

NOTE: For more information on confidentiality protection, nonsampling error, and definitions, see <a href="http://www.census.gov/prod/cen2010/profiletd.pdf">http://www.census.gov/prod/cen2010/profiletd.pdf</a>.

GEO: Middlefield village, Geauga County, Ohio

Subject	Number	Percen
SEX AND AGE		
Total population	2,694	100.0
Under 5 years	158	5.9
5 to 9 years	173	6.4
10 to 14 years	174	6.5
15 to 19 years	143	5.3
20 to 24 years	132	4.9
25 to 29 years	131	4.9
30 to 34 years	150	5.6
35 to 39 years	155	5.8
40 to 44 years	179	6.6
45 to 49 years	174	6.5
50 to 54 years	217	8.1
55 to 59 years	153	5.7
60 to 64 years	149	5.5
65 to 69 years	143	5.3
70 to 74 years	120	4.5
75 to 79 years	97	3.6
80 to 84 years	108	4.0
85 years and over	138	5.
Median age (years)	43.8	( X
16 years and over	2,158	80.
18 years and over	2,104	+
21 years and over	2,027	-
62 years and over	687	+
65 years and over	606	-
Male population	1,221	45.
Under 5 years	80	-
5 to 9 years	94	-
10 to 14 years	94	-
15 to 19 years	86	
20 to 24 years	68	
25 to 29 years	48	
30 to 34 years	73	
35 to 39 years	75	
40 to 44 years	82	
45 to 49 years	79	-
50 to 54 years	99	
55 to 59 years	77	_
60 to 64 years	66	
65 to 69 years	60	
70 to 74 years	53	

Subject	Number	Percent
75 to 79 years	31	1.2
80 to 84 years	28	1.0
85 years and over	28	1.0
Median age (years)	39.6	(X)
16 years and over	938	34.8
18 years and over	908	33.7
21 years and over	852	31.6
62 years and over	231	8.6
65 years and over	200	7.4
Female population	1,473	54.7
Under 5 years	78	2.9
5 to 9 years	79	2.9
10 to 14 years	80	3.0
15 to 19 years	57	2.1
20 to 24 years	64	2.4
25 to 29 years	83	3.1
30 to 34 years	77	2.9
35 to 39 years	80	3.0
40 to 44 years	97	3.6
45 to 49 years	95	3.5
50 to 54 years	118	4.4
55 to 59 years	76	2.8
60 to 64 years	83	3.1
65 to 69 years	83	3.1
70 to 74 years	67	2.5
75 to 79 years	66	2.4
80 to 84 years	80	3.0
85 years and over	110	4.1
Median age (years)	47.5	(X)
16 years and over	1,220	45.3
18 years and over	1,196	44.4
21 years and over	1,175	43.6
62 years and over	456	16.9
65 years and over	406	15.1
RACE		
Total population	2,694	100.0
One Race	2,651	98.4
White	2,610	96.9
Black or African American	22	0.8
American Indian and Alaska Native	1	0.0
Asian	16	0.6
Asian Indian	2	0.1
Chinese	9	0.3
Filipino	1	0.0
Japanese	1	0.0
Korean	1	0.0
Vietnamese	2	0.1
Other Asian [1]	(	0.0
Native Hawaiian and Other Pacific Islander	(	0.0
Native Hawaiian	(	0.0
Guamanian or Chamorro	(	0.0
Samoan		0.0
Other Pacific Islander [2]	(	0.0
Some Other Race		2 0.1
Two or More Races	43	3 1.6

Subject	Number	Percent
White; American Indian and Alaska Native [3]	18	0.7
White; Asian [3]	3	0.1
White; Black or African American [3]	13	0.5
White; Some Other Race [3]	0	0.0
Race alone or in combination with one or more other races: [4]		
White	2,650	98.4
Black or African American	40	1.5
American Indian and Alaska Native	22	0.8
Asian	22	0.8
Native Hawaiian and Other Pacific Islander	4	0.1
Some Other Race	2	0.1
HISPANIC OR LATINO		
Total population	2.694	100.0
Hispanic or Latino (of any race)	22	0.8
Mexican	13	0.5
Puerto Rican	3	0.1
Cuban	0	0.0
Other Hispanic or Latino [5]	6	0.0
Not Hispanic or Latino	2.672	99.2
HISPANIC OR LATINO AND RACE		
Total population	2,694	100.0
Hispanic or Latino	22	0.8
White alone	20	0.7
Black or African American alone	0	0.0
American Indian and Alaska Native alone	0	0.0
Asian alone	0	0.0
Native Hawaiian and Other Pacific Islander alone	0	0.0
Some Other Race alone	2	0.1
Two or More Races	0	0.0
Not Hispanic or Latino	2,672	99.2
White alone	2,590	96.1
Black or African American alone	22	0.8
American Indian and Alaska Native alone	1	0.0
Asian alone	16	0.6
Native Hawaiian and Other Pacific Islander alone	0	0.0
Some Other Race alone	0	0.0
Two or More Races	43	1.6
RELATIONSHIP		
Total population	2,694	100.0
In households	2,606	
Householder	1,186	
Spouse [6]	505	
Child	695	
Own child under 18 years	536	
Other relatives	99	
Under 18 years	41	
65 years and over Nonrelatives	2.00	
	121	
Under 18 years 65 years and over	13	
and Committee an		
Unmarried partner	63	
In group quarters	88	
Institutionalized population	88	
Male	22	
Female	66	
Noninstitutionalized population	(	0.0

Subject	Number	Percent
Male	0	0.0
Female	0	0.0
HOUSEHOLDS BY TYPE		
Total households	1 100	100.0
Family households (families) [7]	1,186 678	57.2
With own children under 18 years	292	24.6
With own children under 16 years	292	24.0
Husband-wife family	505	42.6
With own children under 18 years	196	16.5
Male householder, no wife present	38	3.2
With own children under 18 years	15	1.3
Female householder, no husband present	135	11.4
With own children under 18 years	81	6.8
Nonfamily households [7]	508	42.8
Householder living alone	449	37.9
Male	145	12.2
65 years and over	38	3.2
Female	304	25.6
65 years and over	195	16.4
Households with individuals under 18 years	319	26.9
Households with individuals 65 years and over	410	34.6
The state of the s		01.0
Average household size	2.20	(X)
Average family size [7]	2.92	(X)
HOUSING OCCUPANCY		
Total housing units	1,290	100.0
Occupied housing units	1,186	91.9
Vacant housing units	104	8.1
For rent	42	3.3
Rented, not occupied	2	0.2
For sale only	22	1.7
Sold, not occupied	0	0.0
For seasonal, recreational, or occasional use	14	1.1
All other vacants	24	1.9
Homeowner vacancy rate (percent) [8]	3.2	(X)
Rental vacancy rate (percent) [9]	7.4	. ,
Northal valuation rate (percent) [5]	7.4	( \
HOUSING TENURE		
Occupied housing units	1,186	100.0
Owner-occupied housing units	664	56.0
Population in owner-occupied housing units	1,640	(X)
Average household size of owner-occupied units	2.47	( X )
Renter-occupied housing units	522	44.0
Population in renter-occupied housing units	966	( X )
Average household size of renter-occupied units	1.85	( X )

X Not applicable.

<sup>[1]</sup> Other Asian alone, or two or more Asian categories.

<sup>[2]</sup> Other Pacific Islander alone, or two or more Native Hawaiian and Other Pacific Islander categories.

<sup>[3]</sup> One of the four most commonly reported multiple-race combinations nationwide in Census 2000.

<sup>[4]</sup> In combination with one or more of the other races listed. The six numbers may add to more than the total population, and the six percentages may add to more than 100 percent because individuals may report more than one race.

<sup>[5]</sup> This category is composed of people whose origins are from the Dominican Republic, Spain, and Spanishspeaking Central or South American countries. It also includes general origin responses such as "Latino" or "Hispanic."

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[6] "Spouse" represents spouse of the householder. It does not reflect all spouses in a household. Responses of "same-sex spouse" were edited during processing to "unmarried partner."

- [7] "Family households" consist of a householder and one or more other people related to the householder by birth, marriage, or adoption. They do not include same-sex married couples even if the marriage was performed in a state issuing marriage certificates for same-sex couples. Same-sex couple households are included in the family households category if there is at least one additional person related to the householder by birth or adoption. Same-sex couple households with no relatives of the householder present are tabulated in nonfamily households. "Nonfamily households" consist of people living alone and households which do not have any members related to the householder.
- [8] The homeowner vacancy rate is the proportion of the homeowner inventory that is vacant "for sale." It is computed by dividing the total number of vacant units "for sale only" by the sum of owner-occupied units, vacant units that are "for sale only," and vacant units that have been sold but not yet occupied; and then multiplying by 100.
- [9] The rental vacancy rate is the proportion of the rental inventory that is vacant "for rent." It is computed by dividing the total number of vacant units "for rent" by the sum of the renter-occupied units, vacant units that are "for rent," and vacant units that have been rented but not yet occupied; and then multiplying by 100.

Source: U.S. Census Bureau, 2010 Census.

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Source: U.S. Census Bureau | American FactFinder



QT-H3

Household Population and Household Type by Tenure: 2010 2010 Census Summary File 1

NOTE: For information on confidentiality protection, nonsampling error, and definitions, see  $\label{eq:note} http://www.census.gov/prod/cen2010/doc/sf1.pdf.$ 

GEO: Middlefield village, Ohio

Subject	Number	Percen
HOUSEHOLD POPULATION		
Occupied housing units	1,186	100.0
Owner-occupied housing units	664	56.0
Population in owner-occupied housing units	1,640	(X)
Average household size of owner-occupied units	2.47	(X)
Renter-occupied housing units	522	44.0
Population in renter-occupied housing units	966	(X)
Average household size of renter-occupied units	1.85	(X)
HOUSEHOLD TYPE		
Owner-occupied housing units	664	100.0
Family households [1]	484	72.9
Householder 15 to 64 years	357	53.8
Householder 65 years and over	127	19.1
Husband-wife family	410	61.7
Male householder, no wife present	16	2.4
Female householder, no husband present	58	8.7
Nonfamily households [2]	180	27.
Householder 15 to 64 years	89	13.4
Householder 65 years and over	91	13.7
Male householder	53	8.0
Living alone	47	7.1
65 years and over	15	2.3
Living with others	6	0.9
Female householder	127	19.1
Living alone	121	18.2
65 years and over	74	11.1
Living with others	6	0.0
Renter-occupied housing units	522	100.0
Family households [1]	194	37.2
Householder 15 to 64 years	173	33.1
Householder 65 years and over	21	4.0
Husband-wife family	95	18.2
Male householder, no wife present	22	4.2
Female householder, no husband present	77	14.8
Nonfamily households [2]	328	62.8
Householder 15 to 64 years	179	34.3
Householder 65 years and over	149	28.5
Male householder	118	22.6
Living alone	98	18.8

Subject	Number	Percent
65 years and over	23	4.4
Living with others	20	3.8
Female householder	210	40.2
Living alone	183	35.1
65 years and over	121	23.2
Living with others	27	5.2

X Not applicable.

[1] A household that has at least one member of the household related to the householder by birth, marriage, or adoption is a "Family household." All persons living in family households are included in this total regardless of their relationship to the householder. Same-sex couple households are included in the family households category if there is at least one additional person related to the householder by birth or adoption. Same-sex couple households with no relatives of the householder present are tabulated in nonfamily households. Responses of "same-sex spouse" were edited during processing to "unmarried partner."
[2] "Nonfamily households" consist of people living alone and households which do not have any members related to the householder.

Source: U.S. Census Bureau, 2010 Census.

Summary File 1, Tables H11, H12, H16, and H18.

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Source: U.S. Census Bureau | American FactFinder



S1501

#### **EDUCATIONAL ATTAINMENT**

#### 2006-2010 American Community Survey 5-Year Estimates

Supporting documentation on code lists, subject definitions, data accuracy, and statistical testing can be found on the American Community Survey website in the Data and Documentation section.

Sample size and data quality measures (including coverage rates, allocation rates, and response rates) can be found on the American Community Survey website in the Methodology section.

Although the American Community Survey (ACS) produces population, demographic and housing unit estimates, for 2010, the 2010 Census provides the official counts of the population and housing units for the nation, states, counties, cities and towns. For 2006 to 2009, the Population Estimates Program provides intercensal estimates of the population for the nation, states, and counties.

Subject	Subject Middlefield village, Ohio					
	Total Male			Fer	male	
	Estimate	Margin of Error	Estimate	Margin of Error	Estimate	Margin of Error
Population 18 to 24 years	146	+/-65	65	+/-51	81	+/-36
Less than high school graduate	11.0%	+/-14.5	24.6%	+/-25.4	0.0%	+/-31.8
High school graduate (includes equivalency)	60.3%	+/-17.0	53.8%	+/-19.8	65.4%	+/-23.8
Some college or associate's degree	23.3%	+/-16.4	15.4%	+/-26.1	29.6%	+/-21.1
Bachelor's degree or higher	5.5%	+/-6.0	6.2%	+/-11.3	4.9%	+/-7.2
Population 25 years and over	2,022	+/-164	841	+/-221	1,181	+/-279
Less than 9th grade	4.6%	+/-1.6	1.7%	+/-1.6	6.7%	+/-2.8
9th to 12th grade, no diploma	10.0%	+/-5.6	14.5%	+/-5.6	6.9%	+/-5.9
High school graduate (includes equivalency)	52.2%	+/-9.7	49.9%	+/-6.6	53.8%	+/-13.8
Some college, no degree	16.9%	+/-7.2	18.9%	+/-5.8	15.4%	+/-9.7
Associate's degree	3.2%	+/-2.3	2.5%	+/-2.3	3.7%	+/-3.2
Bachelor's degree	9.2%	+/-2.9	8.0%	+/-4.0	10.1%	+/-3.8
Graduate or professional degree	3.9%	+/-2.1	4.5%	+/-3.2	3.5%	+/-2.6
Percent high school graduate or higher	85.4%	+/-5.5	83.8%	+/-5.3	86.5%	+/-6.5
Percent bachelor's degree or higher	13.1%	+/-4.1	12.5%	+/-5.8	13.5%	+/-5.0
Population 25 to 34 years	196	+/-61	72	+/-27	124	+/-45
High school graduate or higher	94.9%	+/-5.5	86.1%	+/-14.9	100.0%	+/-22.8
Bachelor's degree or higher	21.4%	+/-12.7	5.6%	+/-11.3	30.6%	+/-18.0
Population 35 to 44 years	289	+/-91	145	+/-55	144	4 +/-55
High school graduate or higher	90.3%	+/-9.6	89.0%	+/-15.9	91.7%	6 +/-10.1
Bachelor's degree or higher	30.8%	+/-13.5	29.0%	+/-18.1	32.6%	6 +/-16.3
Population 45 to 64 years	456	+/-116	226	+/-86	230	) +/-77
High school graduate or higher	89.0%	+/-5.7	88.9%	+/-10.8	89.1%	6 +/-7.5
Bachelor's degree or higher	10.7%	+/-5.4	10.6%	+/-7.7	10.9%	6 +/-7.8
Population 65 years and over	1,081	+/-327	398	+/-173	683	3 +/-319
High school graduate or higher	80.8%	+/-9.5	78.6%	+/-7.6	82.0%	6 +/-11.4
Bachelor's degree or higher	7.9%	+/-4.7	8.8%	+/-7.7	7.3%	6 +/-5. <del>6</del>
POVERTY RATE FOR THE POPULATION 25 YEARS AND OVER FOR WHOM POVERTY STATUS IS DETERMINED BY EDUCATIONAL ATTAINMENT Less than high school graduate	17.1%	+/-19.0	23.5%	b +/-31.2	7.3%	6 +/-13.6
High school graduate (includes equivalency)	6.2%		1.7%		9.8%	
Some college or associate's degree	1.2%		0.0%		2.3%	
Bachelor's degree or higher	6.2%		6.7%		5.9%	
MEDIAN EARNINGS IN THE PAST 12 MONTHS (IN 2010 INFLATION-ADJUSTED DOLLARS)	0.27	77-9.0	0.17	+7-10.3	5.97	7/-0.2

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Subject	Middlefield village, Ohio					
	To	Total		Male Female		nale
	Estimate	Margin of Error	Estimate	Margin of Error	Estimate	Margin of Error
Population 25 years and over with earnings	35,099	+/-2,739	43,611	+/-4,538	27,171	+/-6,142
Less than high school graduate	30,833	+/-21,168	55,859	+/-38,363	28,250	+/-13,665
High school graduate (includes equivalency)	32,708	+/-5,857	37,250	+/-5,500	22,031	+/-10,788
Some college or associate's degree	32,768	+/-7,064	43,359	+/-6,233	16,875	+/-10,104
Bachelor's degree	45,294	+/-6,672	47,279	+/-46,966	40,938	+/-5,071
Graduate or professional degree	41,250	+/-17,631	83,750	+/-90,658	40,000	+/-14,405
PERCENT IMPUTED						
Educational attainment	0.9%	(X)	(X)	(X)	(X)	) (X)

Data are based on a sample and are subject to sampling variability. The degree of uncertainty for an estimate arising from sampling variability is represented through the use of a margin of error. The value shown here is the 90 percent margin of error. The margin of error can be interpreted roughly as providing a 90 percent probability that the interval defined by the estimate minus the margin of error and the estimate plus the margin of error (the lower and upper confidence bounds) contains the true value. In addition to sampling variability, the ACS estimates are subject to nonsampling error (for a discussion of nonsampling variability, see Accuracy of the Data). The effect of nonsampling error is not represented in these tables.

While the 2006-2010 American Community Survey (ACS) data generally reflect the December 2009 Office of Management and Budget (OMB) definitions of metropolitan and micropolitan statistical areas; in certain instances the names, codes, and boundaries of the principal cities shown in ACS tables may differ from the OMB definitions due to differences in the effective dates of the geographic entities.

Estimates of urban and rural population, housing units, and characteristics reflect boundaries of urban areas defined based on Census 2000 data. Boundaries for urban areas have not been updated since Census 2000. As a result, data for urban and rural areas from the ACS do not necessarily reflect the results of ongoing urbanization.

Source: U.S. Census Bureau, 2006-2010 American Community Survey

#### Explanation of Symbols:

- 1. An '\*\*' entry in the margin of error column indicates that either no sample observations or too few sample observations were available to compute a standard error and thus the margin of error. A statistical test is not appropriate.
- 2. An '-' entry in the estimate column indicates that either no sample observations or too few sample observations were available to compute an estimate, or a ratio of medians cannot be calculated because one or both of the median estimates falls in the lowest interval or upper interval of an open-ended distribution.
- 3. An '-' following a median estimate means the median falls in the lowest interval of an open-ended distribution.
- 4. An '+' following a median estimate means the median falls in the upper interval of an open-ended distribution.
- 5. An '\*\*\*' entry in the margin of error column indicates that the median falls in the lowest interval or upper interval of an open-ended distribution. A statistical test is not appropriate.
  - 6. An '\*\*\*\*\*' entry in the margin of error column indicates that the estimate is controlled. A statistical test for sampling variability is not appropriate.
- 7. An 'N' entry in the estimate and margin of error columns indicates that data for this geographic area cannot be displayed because the number of sample cases is too small.
  - 8. An '(X)' means that the estimate is not applicable or not available.



B19013

MEDIAN HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN THE PAST 12 MONTHS (IN 2010 INFLATION-ADJUSTED DOLLARS)

Universe: Households

2006-2010 American Community Survey 5-Year Estimates

Supporting documentation on code lists, subject definitions, data accuracy, and statistical testing can be found on the American Community Survey website in the Data and Documentation section.

Sample size and data quality measures (including coverage rates, allocation rates, and response rates) can be found on the American Community Survey website in the Methodology section.

Although the American Community Survey (ACS) produces population, demographic and housing unit estimates, for 2010, the 2010 Census provides the official counts of the population and housing units for the nation, states, counties, cities and towns. For 2006 to 2009, the Population Estimates Program provides intercensal estimates of the population for the nation, states, and counties.

	Middlefield village, Ohio	
	Estimate	Margin of Error
n household income in the past 12 months (in 2010 on-adjusted dollars)	43,015	+/-8,961

Data are based on a sample and are subject to sampling variability. The degree of uncertainty for an estimate arising from sampling variability is represented through the use of a margin of error. The value shown here is the 90 percent margin of error. The margin of error can be interpreted roughly as providing a 90 percent probability that the interval defined by the estimate minus the margin of error and the estimate plus the margin of error (the lower and upper confidence bounds) contains the true value. In addition to sampling variability, the ACS estimates are subject to nonsampling error (for a discussion of nonsampling variability, see Accuracy of the Data). The effect of nonsampling error is not represented in these tables.

The methodology for calculating median income and median earnings changed between 2008 and 2009. Medians over \$75,000 were most likely affected. The underlying income and earning distribution now uses \$2,500 increments up to \$250,000 for households, non-family households, families, and individuals and employs a linear interpolation method for median calculations. Before 2009 the highest income category was \$200,000 for households, families and non-family households (\$100,000 for individuals) and portions of the income and earnings distribution contained intervals wider than \$2,500. Those cases used a Pareto Interpolation Method.

While the 2006-2010 American Community Survey (ACS) data generally reflect the December 2009 Office of Management and Budget (OMB) definitions of metropolitan and micropolitan statistical areas; in certain instances the names, codes, and boundaries of the principal cities shown in ACS tables may differ from the OMB definitions due to differences in the effective dates of the geographic entities.

Estimates of urban and rural population, housing units, and characteristics reflect boundaries of urban areas defined based on Census 2000 data. Boundaries for urban areas have not been updated since Census 2000. As a result, data for urban and rural areas from the ACS do not necessarily reflect the results of ongoing urbanization.

Source: U.S. Census Bureau, 2006-2010 American Community Survey

#### Explanation of Symbols:

- 1. An \*\*\* entry in the margin of error column indicates that either no sample observations or too few sample observations were available to compute a standard error and thus the margin of error. A statistical test is not appropriate.
- 2. An '-' entry in the estimate column indicates that either no sample observations or too few sample observations were available to compute an estimate, or a ratio of medians cannot be calculated because one or both of the median estimates falls in the lowest interval or upper interval of an open-ended distribution.
  - 3. An '-' following a median estimate means the median falls in the lowest interval of an open-ended distribution.
  - 4. An '+' following a median estimate means the median falls in the upper interval of an open-ended distribution.
- 5. An '\*\*\* entry in the margin of error column indicates that the median falls in the lowest interval or upper interval of an open-ended distribution. A statistical test is not appropriate.
  - 6. An "\*\*\*\*\* entry in the margin of error column indicates that the estimate is controlled. A statistical test for sampling variability is



#### B19001

HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN THE PAST 12 MONTHS (IN 2010 INFLATION-ADJUSTED DOLLARS)

Universe: Households

2006-2010 American Community Survey 5-Year Estimates

Supporting documentation on code lists, subject definitions, data accuracy, and statistical testing can be found on the American Community Survey website in the Data and Documentation section.

Sample size and data quality measures (including coverage rates, allocation rates, and response rates) can be found on the American Community Survey website in the Methodology section.

Although the American Community Survey (ACS) produces population, demographic and housing unit estimates, for 2010, the 2010 Census provides the official counts of the population and housing units for the nation, states, counties, cities and towns. For 2006 to 2009, the Population Estimates Program provides intercensal estimates of the population for the nation, states, and counties.

	Middlefield village, Oh	io
	Estimate Margin of	Error
Total:	829 +	-/-201
Less than \$10,000	55	+/-38
\$10,000 to \$14,999	71	+/-46
\$15,000 to \$19,999	58	+/-35
\$20,000 to \$24,999	50	+/-31
\$25,000 to \$29,999	41	+/-27
\$30,000 to \$34,999	73	+/-36
\$35,000 to \$39,999	45	+/-33
\$40,000 to \$44,999	35	+/-25
\$45,000 to \$49,999	22	+/-18
\$50,000 to \$59,999	68	+/-37
\$60,000 to \$74,999	90	+/-40
\$75,000 to \$99,999	120	+/-50
\$100,000 to \$124,999	74	+/-39
\$125,000 to \$149,999	15	+/-14
\$150,000 to \$199,999	12	+/-17
\$200,000 or more	0	+/-119

Data are based on a sample and are subject to sampling variability. The degree of uncertainty for an estimate arising from sampling variability is represented through the use of a margin of error. The value shown here is the 90 percent margin of error. The margin of error can be interpreted roughly as providing a 90 percent probability that the interval defined by the estimate minus the margin of error and the estimate plus the margin of error (the lower and upper confidence bounds) contains the true value. In addition to sampling variability, the ACS estimates are subject to nonsampling error (for a discussion of nonsampling variability, see Accuracy of the Data). The effect of nonsampling error is not represented in these tables.

While the 2006-2010 American Community Survey (ACS) data generally reflect the December 2009 Office of Management and Budget (OMB) definitions of metropolitan and micropolitan statistical areas; in certain instances the names, codes, and boundaries of the principal cities shown in ACS tables may differ from the OMB definitions due to differences in the effective dates of the geographic entities.

Estimates of urban and rural population, housing units, and characteristics reflect boundaries of urban areas defined based on Census 2000 data. Boundaries for urban areas have not been updated since Census 2000. As a result, data for urban and rural areas from the ACS do not necessarily reflect the results of ongoing urbanization.

Source: U.S. Census Bureau, 2006-2010 American Community Survey